## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

# PCT

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

REC'D **2 7 FEB 2006**WIPO PCT

Applicant's or agen	t's file reference	FOR FURTHER A	CTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416		
International applic PCT/GB2004/0		International filing date 09.12.2004	(day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 10.12.2003		
	•	national classification and I A44C11/00, A44C27/0				
Applicant MIDDLESEX S	ILVER ÇO. LIMITE	ED et al.	t on the transfer of the state	estern s. e. e. e. e. e.		
		reliminary examination re ansmitted to the applicar		this International Preliminary Examining		
2. This REPO	RT consists of a tota	l of 6 sheets, including t	his cover sheet.	•		
3. This report	is also accompanied	by ANNEXES, comprisi	ng:			
a. 🛭 sent	to the applicant and	to the International Bure	eau) a total of 2 shee	ets, as follows:		
	sheets of the descrip and/or sheets contai Administrative Instru	ning rectifications authori	ngs which have beer ized by this Authority	n amended and are the basis of this report (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the		
	sheets which supers beyond the disclosu Supplemental Box.	ede earlier sheets, but we re in the international app	hich this Authority co plication as filed, as in	onsiders contain an amendment that goes ndicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the		
sequ	ıence listing and/or t	Bureau only) a total of (inables related thereto, in case Listing (see Section 80	computer readable fo	nber of electronic carrier(s)) , containing a rm only, as indicated in the Supplemental ve Instructions).		
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4. This report	contains indications	relating to the following it	tems:			
⊠ Box No.	I Basis of the o	pinion				
☐ Box No.	II Priority					
☐ Box No.	☐ Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability					
☐ Box No.	IV Lack of unity	of invention				
⊠ Box No.	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					
☐ Box No.						
☐ Box No.	☐ Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application					
		ations on the internation				
Date of submission	of the demand		Date of completion of	f this report		
20.05.2005			23.02.2006			
Name and mailing address of the international			Authorized Officer	Posta-		
preliminary examining authority:  European Patent Office				Planteches a mentant.		
D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d		2656 opmu d	Ritter, F	etlangi.		
	+49 89 2399 - 0 1X: 520 +49 89 2399 - 4465	ооо врти и	Telephone No. +49 8	9 2399-2387		

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/GB2004/050037

	With regard to the langua filed, unless otherwise ind		application in the language in which it was		
		n translations from the original language int of a translation furnished for the purposes			
	publication of the i	n (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) nternational application (under Rule 12.4) inary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/o	r 55.3)		
r	. With regard to the <b>elements</b> * of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):				
. · · · . D	Description, Pages	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
1	1-10	as originally filed			
C	Claims, Numbers				
8	3-26	as originally filed			
1	1-7, 27, 28	received on 08.06.2005 with letter of 03.	.06.2005		
3.	☐ the amendments hav☐ the description, pa☐ the claims, Nos.☐ the drawings, shee☐ the sequence listin	ts/figs	Box Relating to Sequence Listing		
	nad not been made, since Supplemental Box (Rule 7  the description, path the claims, Nos.  the drawings, sheet	ges			

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/GB2004/050037

The application of the transfer making a contact and

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

No:

Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes:

No:

Claims Claims

1-28

1-28

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-28

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

PCT/GB2004/050037

#### Re Item V

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Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

#### 1. Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: US-A-2 138 088 D2: EP-B-0 729 398

### 2. Independent claims 1 and 28: 10 to 10 t

The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of claim 1 does not involve an inventive step in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT.

The document D1 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim 1, and discloses a method of making silver chain which comprises forming lengths of silver wire into successive chain links whose ends abut, and closing the links by brazing abutting ends thereof (page 1, column 1, line 57 to column 2, line 5).

The subject-matter of claim 1 therefore differs from this known method in that:

the links are closed by brazing or welding by means of a laser, wherein the wire comprises at least 92.5 wt % Ag and 0.5 - 3 wt % Ge.

The problem to be solved by the present invention may therefore be regarded as joining the abutting ends of the links without having to apply an additional filler material.

The solution proposed in claim 1 of the present application cannot be considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT) for the following reasons.

Document D2 discloses the joining of two elements made of a material comprising a silver content of at least 77% by weight and a germanium content of between 0.4% and 7% (claims 1 and 3). A preferred material has a silver content of at least 92.5 wt

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/GB2004/050037

% and a germanium content of 0.5 - 3 wt % (claim 2). D2 further clearly states that laser welding of these materials is advantageous (column 4, lines 26-34) and that in a corresponding joining method no additional filler material is needed (column 2, line 57-column 3, line 7).

Having knowledge of the teaching of D2 and looking for a way of manufacturing a silver chain according to the method known from D1 without the need of adding filler material, it would be obvious to the person skilled in the art to manufacture the chain from the preferred alloy of D2 and joining the abutting ends by laser welding, thereby arriving directly at a method according to claim 1. D2 furthermore gives a clear indication in column 1, line 41 and in claim 6 to the use of the alloy in the field of jewellery, which of course includes the making of chains.

The subject-matter of claim 1 does also not appear to be inventive in the light of document D2 and the prior art mentioned in the description of the application, page 2, paragraph 2. In this paragraph the applicant acknowledges that machines for making jewellery chain in gold or other precious metals, in which the links are closed on-line by laser welding, are known. Consequently a method of making chain which comprises forming lengths of wire into successive chain links whose ends abut, and closing the links by welding abutting ends thereof by means of a laser is known. So the subject-matter of claim 1 differs from this prior art only in that the chain is manufactured from a silver wire comprising at least 92.5 wt % Ag and 0.5 - 3 wt % Ge.

When looking for a silver alloy being especially adapted to be used in this known process, the person skilled in the art would consider the alloy disclosed in D2, which explicitly states that the alloy lends itself to joining by laser welding (column 4, lines 26-29) and to the use in manufacture of items of jewellery (claim 6).

The same reasoning applies, mutatis mutandis, to the subject-matter of the corresponding independent claim 28, which therefore is also considered not inventive.

#### 3. Dependent claims 2 to 27:

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

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International application No.

PCT/GB2004/050037

Dependent claims 2 to 27 do not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of inventive step. All additional features are either known from the documents cited in the search report or represent normal workshop practice.

#### Re Item VIII

The subject-matter of claims 15 and 16 is unclear due to the term "about"

11

# PCT / G B 0 4 / 5 0 0 3 7

#### **CLAIMS**

- 1. A method of making silver chain which comprises forming lengths of silver wire into successive chain links whose ends abut, and closing the links by brazing or welding abutting ends thereof by means of a laser, wherein the wire comprises at least 92.5 wt % Ag and 0.5 3 wt % Ge.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the wire is of diameter 0.008 0.20 cm (0.003-0.08 inches).
  - 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the wire is of diameter 0.013-0.08 cm (0.005-0.030 inches).
- 15 4. The method of any preceding claim, wherein the composition of the wire in cross section is constant.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the wire is of a ternary Ag-Cu-Ge alloy containing at least 92.5 wt% Ag, 0.5-3 wt% Ge, elemental boron as a grain refiner at a concentration of 1-40 ppm and the balance, apart from incidental ingredients and/or impurities, copper.
- 6. The method of claim 4, wherein the wire is of a ternary Ag-Cu-Ge alloy comprising, apart from incidental ingredients and impurities, not less than 92.5 wt% Ag, about 6.3 wt % Cu, about 1.2 wt % Ge, and about 4-8 ppm elemental B.
- 7. The method of claim 4, wherein the wire is of a ternary Ag-Cu-Ge alloy containing more than 93.5 wt% to 95.5 wt% Ag, from 0.5 to 3 wt% Ge, 1-40 ppm elemental boron and the remainder, apart from incidental ingredients and/or impurities, copper.

14

# PCT / G B 0 4 / 5 0 0 3 7

- 27. The method of claim 25, wherein the atmosphere has a dew point in the range from +2°C to +50°C.
- A silver chain which comprises lengths of silver wire formed into successive links whose ends abut and are closed by brazed or welded joints, wherein the wire comprises at least 92.5 wt% Ag and 0.5 3 wt % Ge.